

## THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH.

WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY.

By A. G. HODGES.

STATE PRINTER,  
At THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.

Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

All letters upon business should be post-paid to insure attention.

\$50,000

WORTH OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

AT

PRIME COST!

CRAIG, ELLIOTT & CO.,

LEXINGTON, KY.

Owing to the limitation of their partnership to the first day of January next, will offer their entire stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS

AT COST FOR CASH!

Or to their regular customers on account, to the first of January next, consisting in part of the following Goods:

75 Patterns Flounced Bayadere and Side Striped Silk Dresses;

125 Patterns Plaid, Striped and Plain Silk Dresses;

Chintz Calicoes, Ginghams and other Dress Goods.

EMBROIDERIES.

30 Sets Valenciennes and English Thread Laces, new and beautiful.

35 Sets Cambric and Swiss Embroideries, new designs.

Collars, Sleeves and Bands separately.

LINEN GOODS.

400 pieces Richardson's Irish Linens, our own importation, cheap and warranted all round.

Table Linens, Sheetings, Towels and Napkins.

WOOLEN GOODS.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Cassinette.

CLOAKS, MANTLES & SHAWLS.

Velvet Cloaks and Mantles, Embroidered and Plain.

Cloth and Woollen Cloaks and Mantles;

Chenille, Broche and Woollen Shawls & Scarfs;

WEDDING, PARTY AND DINING

GOODS.

30 Patterns of White and Colored Silks, Flounced;

Embroidered & Striped for Weddings & Parties.

15 Patterns White and Colored Table, Crape and Muslin.

DRESSES VERY HANDSOME & CHEAP.

With a very large assortment of all kinds of STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, and we pledge our friends and customers to sell them as above and cheaper than ever sold in the Western country. [Nov. 2, 1857—6w.]

MRS. E. C. STROBRIDGE

WOULD respectfully inform her friends and the public that she has on hand a large and fashionable assortment of

Bonnets, Caps, Head Dresses,

Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Hair Braids,

Curls, Brass Hoops, and all other articles usually kept in a Millinery Establishment, which she will sell as low as the lowest.

Nov. 2, 1857—3m.

ELEGANT STOCK

OF

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING

—AT—

CHARLES B. GETZ'S,

Corner of Main and St. Clair Sts.,

Frankfort, Ky.

(CITIZENS OF FRANKFORT AND VICINITY WILL find at my establishment, the most desirable selection of Men and Boys' fashionable

Clothing and Furnishing Goods,

SHIRTS, HOSIERY, UNDER GARMENTS, GLOVES, CRAVATS, UMBRELLAS, &c. &c.,

Ever exhibited in this city.

My Goods have been selected with great care, and at prices which will enable me to sell again as cheap, or cheaper than any other house in the city.

My stock of Boys' CLOTHING was never exceeded, and I invite the special attention of parents to this up-to-date

Examination of any stock is respectfully solicited, as I am confident that any one in want of Dress Coats, Pants, Overcoats, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, and every kind of wearing apparel, cannot fail of finding the article to suit among my stock.

CHARLES B. GETZ, Corner Main and St. Clair Sts., Frankfort, Oct. 16, 1857—4f.

FRANGIPANNI,

OR THE

ETERNAL PERFUME

Can be obtained in all its variety at

Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

Frangipanni Pomade.

A beautiful article for the hair, at

Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

Frangipanni Sachels.

To lay in drawers and perfume clothing, at

Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

Toilet Mirrors.

Of fine Plate Glass and Mahogany frames, at

Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

The Best Assortment

Of fine Fancy Articles of every kind: Soaps, Brushes, Combs, Pomades, Extracts, Cologne, Perfumery, at

Oct. 7, 1857—4f. Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.

N. D. SMITH.

N. D. SMITH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ALCOHOL,

COLOGNE AND PURE SPIRITS,

Nov. 16 & 18, West side Second St., bet. Main & Market

LOUISVILLE, KY.

August 26, 1857—1y.

## NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. B. LAMPTON,

Main Street, Frankfort, Kentucky,

HAS just received a large, well selected and handsome assortment of

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS!

Consisting in part of the following articles:

A HANDSOME LOT OF

PLAIN BLACK SILKS, none but the best quality.

FANCY AND STRIPED BAYADERE SILKS.

ELEGANT SILK AND WORSTED POPLINS.

DIFFERENT WIDTHS.

FINE FRENCH & ENGLISH MERINOS.

Plain and figured.

SAXONY PLAIDS.

HANDSOME BAYADERE PATTERNS.

Plain and figured.

PLAIN FANCY AND SHADED DELAINES.

CRAPE DELAINES.

ORIENTAL LUSTRE.

GOODS FOR TRAVELING DRESSES.

RICH FIGURED AND PLAIN FLANNELS.

SHAWLS, all colors and descriptions.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS.

FINE FRENCH CHINTZ ROBES & PATTERNS.

OIL PRINTS, and other new goods too numerous to mention.

He calls special attention to his large and complete assortment of

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND PLAIN WHITE

China, Granite & Common Ware,

CARPETS & RUGS, HATS,

And a nice lot of

LADIES SHOES.

All of which he will sell as low as the lowest. Give him a call and examine the goods for they will be sold cheap.

Remember his motto of QUICK SALES AND THE LOWEST PRICES.

Oct. 6, 1857—4f. J. B. LAMPTON.

MRS. M. HERRENSMITH,

RESPECTFULLY invites the particular attention of the Ladies of Frankfort and vicinity, that she has just returned from

the East with a most beautiful assortment of

FALL & WINTER MILLINERY

AND

Fancy Goods,

Consisting of the following articles:

BONNETS from 50 cents up to \$10.

LADIES' DRESS CAPS from 50 cents up to \$4.

ALL KIND OF HEAD DRESSES.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS.

RIBBONS, of all quality and price.

CHILDREN'S BONNETS.

All kind of Worsteds Goods for Children; Cloaks and Fur for Ladies and Children; all kinds of Kid Traveling and Riding Gloves for Ladies; Dress Trimmings; Ladies Corsets; Hoop Skirts of all patterns, and all kind of necessary articles of Ladies wear.

Particular notice is called to a great variety of Worsteds stockings, a new fashion kind of Comb for keeping on the Bonnets, and Hair Pins to hold on Bonnets also; all kinds of Fancy and Common Hair Pins; also, a great variety of Elastic Hair Pins to prevent the hair from falling out; all kind of Fur Combs; Gummelstie Hair Combs; all kinds of Combs, Tooth Brushes, Needles and Pins; Ladies and Children's Belts; Ladies Embroidered and Common Handkerchiefs; Chinese Scarfs for ladies; Worsteds Underclothes and Worsteds Hosiery for Ladies to wear to evening parties, and a great variety of Fancy Articles too numerous to mention.

Mrs. HERRENSMITH

Having personally selected these Goods in the Eastern Cities from the best manufacturers, she flatters herself that her efforts in catering for the good taste of the Ladies of Frankfort will be duly appreciated. I return my thanks to my friends and customers and hope they will all call again, as I will give my particular attention to please them.

BLEACHING & TRIMMING

Done in the latest and best style. I will sell every thing as low as I can, and will be glad to exchange before purchasing elsewhere, as it will be no trouble but a pleasure to show goods.

I will have an OPENING ON SATURDAY, Oct. 10th, on St. Clair Street, in the old stand of Dr. MUNSEL, and will also keep the store on Main Street, Oct. 9, 1857—4f.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEELER & WILSON

MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES!

WE would respectfully invite the Ladies of Lexington and adjoining towns, to call at our office and examine the above named Machines, for which we are the sole agents of Kentucky, with the exception of Louisville.

—ALSO—

AGENTS for the WILLIMANTINE LINEN COMPANY'S PATENT FINISH THREAD.

This thread is pronounced by those who have used it to be superior to any for hand sewing. For Sewing Machines this thread is the best and only thread that can give satisfaction.

We have also for sale a supply of Sewing Machine Feet.

WHEELER & WILSON, Office over T. Bradley & Co.'s Hardware Store, Main Street, Lexington, Ky.

Orders for Machines will be received by Mrs. LYONS, at her Fancy Store, St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky. Also instruction given in their use to those who purchase.

SEWING MACHINE, PHILIP L. IVEY, Aug. 31, 1f. [Ch. Obs. & Rep.]

STEARN'S & CLARKE'S

NATIONAL

AMBROTYPE GALLERY.

Main St., adjoining Telegraph Office, Frankfort, Ky.

Every style of Picture executed with neatness and dispatch, at reduced prices.

All Work Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Oct. 2, 1857—3m.

WILLIAM H. AVERILL.

CHARLES KEARNS.

AVERILL & KEARNS,

DRUGGISTS.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE.

They have just received a large and select supply of

FANCY ARTICLES & PERFUMERY,

INCLUDING

SOME RARE AND BEAUTIFUL STYLES OF GOODS WITH THE CELEBRATED

Frangipanni or Eternal Perfume,

EITHER EXTRACT, SACRET SOAP OR POMADE.

Oct. 14, 1857—4f.

GEO. W. FIN.

G. W. OWEN.

WIN & OWEN,

Dealers in Hardware and Cutlery, SURE IN HANNA'S NEW BUILDING, MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

Jan. 3, 1857—4f.

CAS FRESH PEACHES AND 12 CASES PINE APPLE, in store and for sale by

April 1857. W. A. GAINES.

## LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,

FOR SALE

AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.

MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

2 vols. Price, \$12 00

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1 vol. Price, 3 00

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1 vol. Price, 3 00

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE OF KY.—Session 1855 and 1856—2 vols. Pre-paid upon the

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1 vol. Price, 3 00

HON. GEO. ROBERTSON'S SPEECH—"The American Party, its Principles, its Objects, and its Hopes." Pamphlet. Price—10 cts.

HON. GARRETT DAVIS' SPEECHES. Pamphlet. Price—5 cts.

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BLANKS FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds. Price—60 cts per quire.

JUSTICES' BLANKS—WARRANTS AND EXECUTIONS. Price—60 cts per quire.

CONSTABLES SALE NOTICES, RECEIPTS BOND &c. Price—60 cts per quire.

SHERIFFS' RECEIPTS BOND. Price—60 cts per quire.

CIRCUIT CLERK'S EXECUTIONS. Price—60 cts per quire.

BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, a Frankfort, and Farmers' Bank of Kentucky.—Price—\$1 per quire.

BLANK DEEDS. Price—\$1 per quire.

Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

JOHN FLOURNOY,

Attorney at Law, Notary Public,

DEVOTES HIMSELF TO THE

COMMERCIAL & ADMIRALTY PRACTICE,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

COLLECTIONS in all parts of Missouri and Illinois attended to, prompt remittances made, correspondence solicited, and information cheerfully given.

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HAYWOOD, CROW & Co., Merchants, St. Louis.

BUCKNER, HALL & Co., Merchants, Cincinnati.

Sept. 9, 1857—1y.

FRANKLIN GORIN.

A. M. GAZLAY.

GORIN & GAZLAY,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. JAS. TRANCE & Co.; HARVIN, BELL & Co.; McDOWELL, YOUNG & Co.; HORTON & HURSTON; LOW & WHITNEY; JAS. E. BREED, Esq.; JAS. CRAIG & Co.; CARUTH, MOSS & TRIGG; WILSON, STARRIB & SMITH; CARRUTH & HOPKINS; CURD & WILSON; AT & RILEY; CURD & Co. [Aug. 17, 1857—4f.]

M. D. M'HENRY.

W. H. M'HENRY.

M. D. & W. H. M'HENRY,

ATTORNEYS AND LAND AGENTS,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

PROPOSE to practice in the various Courts of Polk county, and in the Supreme Court of Iowa, and the United States District Court, at Des Moines, Iowa.

They have also established a General Agency for the transaction of all manner of business connected with Land Titles.

They will enter Lands, investigate Titles, buy and sell lands, and invest money on the best terms and on the best securities.

They will enter Lands in Kansas and Nebraska Territories, if an amount sufficient to justify a visit to that country is offered.

The Senior partner having been engaged extensively in the business of the law in the Courts of Kentucky for nearly thirty years, and the Junior having been engaged in the Land business in Iowa for eight years past, during which time he has made actual survey of a large portion of Polk and adjoining counties, they feel confident they will be able to render a satisfactory account of all business entrusted to them.

They will enter Land with Land Warrants or Money, upon actual inspection of the premises, and will buy and sell Lands on Commission, upon a careful investigation of Titles. Persons wishing to settle in the State can find desirable farms and city property for sale, by calling on them at their office in Sherman's Building, corner of Third Street and Court Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa.

March 11, 1857—4f.

GEORGE W. CRADDOCK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE removed to East side of St. Clair Street, over the Telegraph Office. Will practice Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and adjoining counties.

Dec. 7, 1850—4f.

JOHN RODMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office on St. Clair Street, next Door to Morse's Telegraph Office.

Will practice in the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Oldham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties.

Oct. 28, 1853.

MOREHEAD & BROWN.

Partners in the

PRACTICE OF LAW,

Will attend to all business connected to them in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and other Courts which hold their sessions at Frankfort, Ky. One or both may always be found at their office, to give counsel or transact business. Frankfort, Jan. 6, 1852—4f.







# THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

THOMAS M. GREEN, Editor.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1857.

## To Our Patrons

We trust our subscribers, throughout the State of Kentucky, will avail themselves of the opportunity to send by their Representatives and Senators a part, at least, of their dues for subscription to *The Commonwealth*. We have not annoyed our subscribers with dues for some years, and we hope they will not now neglect us.

Those who may not have an opportunity of sending, as above requested, can do so by mail, at our risk.

The absence of the editor for the last three or four days will, we trust, be a sufficient excuse for several very typographical errors in our last weekly paper.

The *Maysville Express* urges the election of Hon. R. H. Stanton, of Mass., to the United States Senate, claiming for him what will be conceded by the whole Democracy, that is, a self-made man and a sound representative Democrat. The *Express* thinks the Senator should come from Northern Kentucky. We discard the claims of any locality. Let us have the best man, no matter in what part of the State he holds his residence. — *Lex Statesman*.

The editor of the *Statesman* will probably get himself embroiled in a difficulty with his Democratic friends, for the above paragraph certainly repudiates a cardinal principle of the Democratic party. That party has no principles except an insatiable desire and thirst for office, and it has been laid down as a part of the tactics of the party to distribute the Federal appointments as equally as possible among the different Democratic States, always, however, giving the preference to those States where citizens gave the largest Democratic majority, or the largest vote in the electoral college for the Democratic candidates. That is, not to give one State more than her proportion of the offices, although she might still have good Democratic citizens who are much better qualified to discharge the duties of the office than the person selected from another State. It is not the ability of the person appointed to discharge the duties of the office which is now considered, but it is the effect his appointment will have upon the success of the Democratic party. The old principle of requiring honesty and capacity has gone out of date in this age of progressive Democracy, and the qualities most sought for in candidates are those of a skillful party maneuver and unrelenting partisan.

Some of our Democratic exchanges say that the administration was really serious in the instructions to the Federal officials of New Orleans to stop Walker at all risks. It may be so, but we do not believe a stop of it. If the government really desires to stop practical invasions upon neighboring countries, let it manifest that desire by taking prompt and efficient steps to check them in future. Or must the disgraceful confession be made that the government has not the power to enforce obedience on the part of its own officials, or to prevent a few reckless men from violating the laws of our own country and of all other nations?

The Harrodsburg Transcript thinks that "the mere fact that any citizen of Boyle county can be a good Democrat ought to be his best recommendation"—to Democrats. It is, indeed, the very best proof of a person's attachment to the principles of the party that he can remain obdurate and firm in his evil ways, while surrounded by the good influences of the moral, intelligent, and true American county of Boyle. The Transcript further says that "the best Democrats in the State reside in Boyle." That may be, but the Transcript cannot say with truth that those Democrats are the best men or citizens who reside in Boyle.

Late advices from Liberia have been received at Salem. The Liberia Herald has been discontinued for want of sufficient support. The Emperor of the French is accused of reviving the slave trade by contracting with the house of Regie at Marseilles, who have a factory at Whydah, and sending a screw steamer to purchase 1,200 slaves, ship them on board and call them free emigrants. Several American and Spanish vessels, engaged in the slave trade, had been captured.

Another rich case has turned up in New York municipal affairs. In the Supreme Court on Monday Judge Davies granted an injunction against paying for the glass ballot boxes bought by the Police Commissioners of S. C. Jolie, and used at the last election. The application alleges that 4,000 of these boxes were bought, when only 1,749 were needed—that fifteen dollars each were paid when they cost less than five—that the pretext that they were patented was untrue, and that the real parties to the fraudulent transaction and the slanders of its profits were Mayor Wood and his brother Benjamin. The hearing of the case will probably reveal some very curious facts connected with the city government.

FIRST PRINCIPLES.—The fashion which is said once to have prevailed in the far "Down East" has even come into service in the very "Far West." In a whole county in California, at the recent election, all the votes for Governor were returned as Democratic; one Republican vote was thrown in Fremont, but the inspector threw it out as a mistake on the part of some greaser.

The Hon. A. G. Brown has been re-elected Senator from Mississippi. This is an endorsement by the Legislature of Mississippi of his views touching alien suffrage, for the expression of which in the Senate he was denounced by a portion of his party.

RESIGNATION OF GOV. IZARD, OF NEBRASKA.—Gov. Izard of Nebraska, has forwarded to Washington his resignation of the Governorship, assigning as the main reason for the step, that the climate of Nebraska is so severe, as to be unsuited to his constitution. His residence there last winter he characterizes as the most disagreeable part of his life.

A Bitter Remorse.—Col. Myers of Alabama, has refused \$10,000 for his three year old colt, Montgomery, by Boston, Jr., and by Andrew—Montgomery is a colt of great size and immense development of bone.

FRANKFORT THEATER.—We have been awaiting with much interest the completion of the building intended to be occupied as a Theater this winter, and with pleasant anticipation the time when the troupe shall make their first appearance upon the "boards" in our little city. As a matter of course then it gives us much pleasure to announce that the building is now finished in a neat and comfortable manner, and that the new scenery, which was painted by Mr. Leslie, of Cincinnati, will be sent on and placed upon the stage during this week. The Hall, although not very large, will be sufficiently so to accommodate from five to six hundred persons, and the seats will be arranged in a manner best calculated to conduce to the comfort and ease of the patrons of one of the noblest of pastimes.—The parquette will be used for ladies and gentlemen in full dress, but a gallery is set apart for those who, while having a taste and an appreciation for the drama, are not, in these hard times, possessed of a sufficient quantity of filthy lucre to gratify that desire among the more fortunate. We have understood that the scenery is quite rich and at the same time chaste and beautiful, admirably adapted in every way for the plays which the company will nightly bring forward for the amusement and delight of our citizens, the "assembled wisdom," and the numerous strangers who flock to Frankfort during the session of the Legislature. Although the arrangement of the entire building cannot fail to please, and the proprietor, Col. Orlando Brown, is entitled to the best thanks of all the lovers of the drama amongst us for having contributed so much to their enjoyment, for to him is due the credit of bringing the troupe to the city.

We have from time to time read notices in the Indianapolis papers, at which place the corps have been playing for some months, highly commending them for their forensic ability. We learn that it will be composed of the following artists:

Mr. E. J. Hartwell, Mr. & Mrs. Harry Chapman, Mr. & Mrs. R. C. Grierson, Miss Milly Peters, Miss Kopp, Mrs. M. A. Meeker, M. J. Dougherty, Mr. E. Marden, J. L. Barrett, D. Flagg, Williams, and E. T. Stetson, &c.

From the names of these actors and actresses our readers can gather an idea for themselves of the treat which is in store for them. The company will give their first evening's entertainment on next Saturday or Monday, and we bespeak for them a large house. Let us give them a fair trial, and then let each one judge for himself concerning their merits.

Hogs.—The Paris Flag, of Nov. 18, says—sales were made in this (Bourbon) county, several days ago, at \$4 gross on long time. \$3 50 cash is the ruling price.

The Cincinnati News, of Nov. 19, says—Large droves of hogs are being shipped from this place to Cincinnati; but we are of opinion that the number will be somewhat less than was shipped last year. Before the Hog Cholera made its appearance there were five thousand more hogs over last year's crop in the county. Hogs that weigh from 250 to 275 lbs. will bring \$3 75 per 100 lbs. gross. Buyers offer \$3 25 to \$3 50 per 100 lbs. gross, for hogs that weigh less than 250 lbs.

Last Tuesday \$3 75 gross was given for a lot of 300 head, which averaged 275 lbs. a piece.

A judgment of over \$200 was obtained in the Harrison Circuit Court on Friday last, against the Ky. C. R. R., for killing two horses. A driver attempted to cross the road in Cynthiana with his wagon, when, no signal being given, two of his horses were killed.

GOVERNOR OF MINNESOTA.—We find in the St. Paul Pioneer, of the 3d inst., the complete returns, mainly official, of the vote for Governor at the late election in Minnesota. They foot up:

Sibley, Democrat,	17,932
Ramsey, Republican,	17,642
Sibley's majority,	290

There is no end to the list of those gentlemen having "friends" who think them admirably qualified to serve their country in the United States Senate. The latest eccentricity of this kind is in the case of a mountain correspondent of the Maysville Express, who suggests Judge Moore, of the Sixth District, for U. S. Senator, to succeed Hon. J. B. Thompson.

We have just received the Lexington (Mo.) Express containing the card of our young friend T. T. Crittenden, recently of this city, and Henry Crittenden, of Carrollton, they having associated themselves for the purpose of practicing law in Lexington. They both have a deservedly high reputation for talent, and we wish them all possible success.

LARGE FIRE.—On the evening of the 1st inst., the cotton factory in the penitentiary at Jackson, Miss., was destroyed by fire. The loss to the State by it is estimated at from \$60,000 to \$80,000. There was no insurance on it.

COMPLAINING.—We have heard repeatedly during the last few days, persons complaining of weakness and debility. We would say to all such, get some of McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL AND BLOOD PURIFIER. It is beyond all doubt the only remedy that will renovate and strengthen the system. The immense demand for it from all parts of the United States is proof enough of its beneficial effects. We know by experience that it is a delicious remedy to take. Call and try it. See the advertisement in another column.

The trotter, Jim Porter, recently sold by Dr. Dudley, of Lexington, for \$2,000, last week, near Philadelphia, won three heats in 2:39½—2:38½—2:40½. He shows well among the trotting celebrities of the East.

The Somerset True American, of Nov. 18, contains the following paragraph in relation to one of its most estimable citizens:

"It is with feelings of inexpressible grief and regret that we chronicle the fact—that Capt. Jno. G. Lair was taken last week with hemorrhage of the lungs which has continued with but little abatement for several days. Unless he gets relief soon he cannot survive many days. His friends are much alarmed for his safety."

YESTERDAY.—Yesterday morning, just after daylight, the freight depot, built by the Maysville Railroad Company, but used by the K. C. R. Co., caught fire from the stove-pipe, and was rapidly consumed. There were in the building some two or three hundred bushels of wheat, belonging to Capt. Cunningham, and some other articles of no great value, belonging to other parties, which were mostly destroyed. The house was of wood, and not worth more than \$500.—*Paris Citizen*, Nov. 20.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S PROCLAMATION.—Most of our readers have already been informed by telegraph that Brigham Young intends giving battle to the United States forces. We have now received his Proclamation in full, and annex it together with his letter to Col. Alexander and the reply of that officer.

Governor's Office, Utah Territory, Great Salt Lake City, Sept. 29, '57.  
To the Officer Commanding the Forces now Inactive in Utah Territory:

Sir: By reference to the act of Congress passed Sept. 9, 1850, organizing the Territory of Utah, you will find the following:

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that the executive power and authority in and over said Territory of Utah shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The Governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be Commander in Chief of the militia thereof, &c., &c.

I am still the Governor and Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Territory, no successor having been appointed and qualified, as provided by law, and I shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. By virtue of the authority thus vested in me, I have issued and forwarded to you a copy of my proclamation forbidding the entrance of armed forces into the Territory. This you have disregarded. I now further direct that you retire forthwith from the Territory, by the same route you entered. Should you deem this impracticable, and prefer to remain until spring in the vicinity of your present encampment, in Black Fork on Green River, you can do so in peace and unmolested, on condition that you deposit your arms and ammunition with Lewis Robinson, Quartermaster General of the Territory, and leave in the spring as soon as the condition of the roads will permit you to march; and should you fall short of provisions, they can be furnished you upon making the proper application thereof.

Gen. D. H. Wells will forward this and receive any communication you may have to make. Very respectfully,  
BRIGHAM YOUNG,  
Gov. and Sup't of Indian Affairs.

The following is the proclamation referred to by Brigham Young:

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.  
Citizens of Utah: We are invaded by a hostile force, who are evidently assailing us to accomplish our overthrow and destruction. For the last twenty-five years we have trusted officials of the government, from constables and justices to judges, governors, and presidents, only to be scorned, held in derision, insulted, and betrayed. Our houses have been plundered and then burned, our fields have been laid waste, our property has been stolen, and our families driven from their homes to find that shelter in the barren wilderness, and that protection amongst hostile savages, which were denied them in the boasted abodes of Christianity and civilization.

The constitution of our common country guarantees unto us all that we do now or have ever claimed. If the constitutional rights which pertain unto us as American citizens were extended to Utah according to the spirit and meaning thereof, and fairly and impartially administered, it is all that we could ask—all that we have ever asked.

Our opponents have availed themselves of prejudice existing against us, because of our religious faith, they send out a formidable host to accomplish our destruction. We have had no privilege nor opportunity of defending ourselves from the false, foul, and unjust aspersions against us before the nation. The government has not condescended to cause an investigating committee or other person to be sent to inquire into and ascertain the truth, as is customary in such cases. We know those aspersions to be false; but that avails us nothing. We are condemned, and forced to flee from an armed, mercenary mob, which has been sent against us at the instigation of anonymous letter writers, ashamed to father the base, slanderous falsehoods which they have given to the public—of corrupt officials, who have brought false accusations against us to screen themselves in their own infamy, and of hireling priests and howling editors, who prostitute the truth for filthy lucre's sake.

The issue which has thus been forced upon us compels us to resort to the great first law of self preservation, and stand in our own defense—a right guaranteed unto us by the genius of the institutions of our country, and upon which the government is based. Our duty to ourselves, to our families, requires us not to tamely submit to be driven and slain without an attempt to preserve ourselves. We are entitled to our country, our holy religion, our God, to freedom and liberty, and to the right of self defense. We are not content with these; we would not quietly stand still and see those fetters forged around us which are calculated to enslave and bring us in subjection to an unlawful military despotism, such as can only emanate, in a country of constitutional law, from usurpation, tyranny, and oppression.

Therefore I, Brigham Young, Governor and Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Territory of Utah, do hereby declare that the United States in the Territory of Utah, forbid—

First—All armed forces of every description from coming into this Territory under any pretence whatever.

Second—That all the forces in said Territory hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice to repel any and all such invasions.

Third—Martial law is hereby declared to exist in this Territory from and after the date of this proclamation, and no person shall be allowed to pass or re-pass into or through or within this Territory without the permit from the proper officer.

Given under my hand and seal, at Great Salt Lake City, Territory of Utah, this fifteenth day of September, A. D. eighteen hundred and fifty-seven and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty-eighth.

BRIGHAM YOUNG.  
The following is Col. Alexander's reply to Brigham Young:

HEADQUARTERS TENTH REG'T OF INFANTRY, CAMP WINFIELD, ON HAM'S FORK, October 2, 1857.

Brigham Young, Esq., Governor Utah Territory: Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of Sept. 29, 1857, with two copies of a proclamation and one of the laws of Utah, and I have given it an attentive consideration. I am at present the senior and commanding officer of the troops of the United States at this point, and I will submit your letter to the General commanding as soon as he arrives here.

In the meantime, I have only to say that these troops are here by the order of the President of the United States, and their further movements and operations will depend entirely upon orders issued by competent military authority.

Very respectfully,  
E. B. ALEXANDER.

HON. JOHN BELL.—The Mobile Advertiser, noticing the election of a successor to this distinguished gentleman, remarks:

Although it was plain Mr. Bell was to be defeated, we cannot help feeling a sort of disappointment at the accomplishment of the deed, or chronicle it without expressing our sincere regret that the counsels of so able, sagacious and conscientious a statesman are, in such times as these, to be lost to the Senate of the country. His retirement will widen still more the difference between the Senate in its palmy days as now organized. Of late years the great lights that illumined the nation have been the Senate Chamber renowned and glorious, while one after another, disappeared from their honored seats—some removed to places of grave responsibility and exalted trust; some ostracized for holding political opinions adverse to the tenets of the party in power; and some, alas! the greatest of all, have gone down into the abodes of "silence and the dead." And their successors have been chosen to present the contrast, a glance at the Senate-roll is sufficient for every well informed reader.

## The Massacre of Emigrants on the Plains.

The Los Angeles Star gives the following additional details with reference to the horrible massacre of an emigrant train on the plains by the Indians, of which we recently gave the substance:

Of a party of about one hundred and thirty persons, only fifteen infant children were saved. The account was given by the Indians themselves to the Mormons at Cedar City, to which place they brought the children, who were purchased from them by the people of that city.

"Whether the cause assigned is sufficient to account for the result, or whether a different cause is at the bottom of the transaction, we will leave the reader to form his own conclusion. We can scarcely believe that a party traveling along a highway would act in the manner described, that is, to poison the carcasses of an ox, and also the water, thus endangering the lives of those who were coming after them. Yet this is the story told by all who have spoken of the massacre. It is stated the emigrants had an ox which died, and they placed poison in the body, and also poisoned the water standing in pools, for the purpose of killing the Indians; that several of the tribe had died from this cause, and that the whole force murdered, pursued the train, and coming up with them at the above named place, which favored their purpose, attacked and murdered the whole party, except a few infant children.

The Indians state that they made but one charge on the party, in which they cut off the greater portion of the men, and then guarded the outlets of the canon and shot the men and women down as they came out for water; that one man was making his escape with a few children, and they followed him, killed him, and took the children, fifteen in number, the eldest under five years of age."

The Star prefates the letter of J. W. Christian, giving an account of the massacre, with the following remarks:

The writer seems to intimate that the Mormons will be held responsible for the murder, and in this respect he is fully borne out by present indications, for a general belief pervades the public mind here that the Indians were instigated to this crime by the "Destroying Angels" of the church, and that the blow fell on those emigrants from Arkansas, in retribution for the death of Parley Pratt, which took place in that State.

Proclamation.  
The season has again arrived, when in obedience to established custom, it is deemed proper to set apart a day for the people to humble themselves before the throne of our Heavenly Father, and render thanks for the countless blessings bestowed upon them. We have been long in the enjoyment of unparalleled prosperity, and although the present be a period of severe commercial distress, under Almighty guidance amid every apparent calamity, there is a moral power which makes it the minister of his will, and which is able "to overcome every evil with good." During the past season peace and happiness have pervaded the land. The Providence of Heaven has given us repose "in secure habitations and amid quiet resting places." We have been more than ordinarily blessed with good health. The earth has yielded bounteously, and its fruits have been garnered by the unfettered hand of industry. Our country is teeming with abundance, and the great body of our people are free from suffering.

For these and all other blessings, we are indebted to the goodness and mercy of God, and it becomes us to bow before the throne of mercy with hearts filled with thankfulness and gratitude.

Wherefore, I, C. S. MOREHEAD, do hereby set apart and appoint THURSDAY, the 26th day of NOVEMBER, 1857, to be observed as a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, and do hereby recommend and request the people of Kentucky to observe the same as such.

In testimony, whereof, I have set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed this 4th day of November, 1857, and in the 66th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor:  
C. S. MOREHEAD.  
MASON BROWN, Secretary of State.

MARRIED.  
On the 19th of November, 1857, by Rev. John C. Harrison, Mr. Andrew B. Tomlinson to Miss Louisa V. Cretchen, all of this city.

In Danville, on Tuesday evening last, the 17th inst., at the residence of E. B. Egger, by the Rev. Wm. McKnight, John Cowan, Esq., of Keokuk, Iowa, (late of Danville) to Miss CARIE B. ANDERSON, daughter of the late Andrew Anderson, of Girard county.

In Danville, yesterday morning, 19th inst., by Rev. J. J. Bullock, Mr. ANDREW CRAFT, of Holly Springs, Miss., to Miss FANNIE B. YOUNG, daughter of the late Rev. J. C. Young.

Common School Notice.  
THE Commissioners of Common Schools—unles they have attended to the duty—will be pleased to forward, directly, copies of their certificates of appointments and qualifications, and also statements of their settlements on or before the 15th of Nov. 1857. This is a matter of importance, and it is hoped will receive prompt attention.

It is required that some Commissioners have been carefully reporting the Directors (See Common School Laws, Article 3d, Section 3d.) Some errors have been made by reporting the whole of such reports to each Director, who thus draws the amount twice. Diligence in the performance of this duty will avoid great perplexity and loss.

The law, as amended by the Legislature, requires very prompt returns from the Commissioners. Their Reports should be a fairly written, and the figures distinctly made, in columns regularly drawn.

See Superintendent's report, forwarded this year, for further information. In this report will be found all the laws, necessary directions, forms, &c. Blank books have been forwarded for use of the Commissioners.

JOHN B. MATTHEWS, Sup. Pub. Ins.  
THO. S. PAGE, Auditor.

Frankfort, Nov. 23, 1857.—1m.  
\*Yeoman, Louisville Journal and Democrat copy one month.

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## DAILY COMMONWEALTH.

FOR THE SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The *Frankfort Commonwealth* will be published daily during the approaching session of the General Assembly of Kentucky. A competent reporter will be in attendance in each House, and an accurate report of the proceedings of each day will be given the ensuing morning. The *Commonwealth* will thus afford the most convenient medium of communication between the members of the Legislature and their constituents, keeping the latter informed not only of the manner in which their own local interests are represented, but of the general course of legislative proceedings, and saving to the former the trouble and labor of a great deal of private correspondence which would otherwise be indispensable. Beside reports of the proceedings of each House of the Kentucky Legislature, the *Commonwealth* will furnish a summary of Congressional proceedings, and of all the more important items of the current news of the day, foreign and domestic, political and miscellaneous.

THE DAILY COMMONWEALTH, for the session, will be \$1 50. Any person procuring five subscribers, and forwarding the money, shall have the sixth copy free of charge.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH will be furnished to subscribers, during the session of the Legislature, for 75 cents; and for a year, including the session, for \$2 00. Persons procuring five subscribers to the session weekly, or yearly weekly, and forwarding the money to us, shall receive the sixth copy free of charge.

gentlemen to whom this prospectus is sent will greatly oblige us by presenting it for subscribers; and if their avocations are such that they cannot give it attention, they will do us the favor to hand it to some person who may be willing to make an effort to obtain subscribers.

Remittances may be made by mail at our risk.  
A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Ky.  
NOVEMBER, 1857.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

800 Barrels Salt for Sale.  
A first rate article, low for Cash.  
Nov. 18, 1857.—R. C. STEELE & Co.

Furs at Cost!  
NO HUMBUG!—These Goods are sent on commission to be sold at Cost for CASH. We have an arrangement made to order any quality that may be wanted. The ladies are respectfully requested to call and examine at  
Nov. 16—tf.  
Book and Shoe Store.

Great Attraction.  
Mrs. F. T. LYONS has just received and opened a very large and splendid lot of MILLINERY GOODS. Give her a call.  
Oct. 23, 1857.—tf.

We are authorized to announce Mr. LEWIS B. FENWICK as a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives of Kentucky.  
Nov. 4, 1857.—te.

We are authorized to announce E. H. TOLE, of Frankfort, as a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms to the Lower House of the next General Assembly of Kentucky. [Oct.—23te.

We are authorized to announce Jno. W. PAVERTY as a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of Kentucky at the next session of the Legislature.

We are authorized to announce Mr. L. P. LITTLE, as a candidate for the office of Assistant Clerk of the Senate at the next session of the Legislature. [Oct. 19—te.

We are requested to announce Major M. D. WEST, as a candidate for State Librarian.

We are authorized to announce CHARLES E. NICHOLS as a candidate for Assistant Clerk of the Senate. [Sept. 11—tf.

We are authorized to announce Mr. I. T. CAVINS as a candidate for Doorkeeper of the Senate at the next Session of the Legislature.

We are authorized to announce Dr. J. RUSSELL HAWKINS as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the next Senate.

We are authorized to announce Edward Hensley as a candidate for Assistant Clerk of the Senate of the next General Assembly. Sept. 7—tf.

New Goods.  
R. Runyan, at Baker & Runyan's old stand, is now receiving a large stock of FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, SHOES, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c., all of which he will sell LOW FOR CASH, or on credit, till 1st of Jan. next. He will sell his goods as low as the lowest.—Please give him a call.  
Sept. 2, 1857.—tf.

Special Notice.  
We are requested to state that Rev. CADWALLADER LEWIS will preach regularly at the Buck Run Church on the Sabbath after the 1st Saturday in each month.  
June 8, 1857.—tf.

Youghiogheny Coal.  
13,000 BUSHELLS, just received and for sale by  
July 1, —tf.  
R. C. STEELE & CO.

NOTICE.  
WE are now receiving and opening new stock of  
Boots, Shoes, Books & Stationery,  
And the latest style of  
MEN AND BOYS HATS,  
Which we offer for sale as low as they can be bought in any retail market.

We return our thanks to all our patrons for past favors and would be pleased to see them at our old stand.  
July 22, 1857.—tf.  
MORRIS & HAMPTON.

Blank Negotiable Notes.  
BLANK NEGOTIABLE NOTES which can be used for any Bank in Kentucky. For sale at this Office.  
July 24th, 1857.

For Rent.  
WE desire to rent the property lately occupied by James R. Page, deceased, at the General Assembly Hill. The dwelling house contains eleven rooms, together with kitchen and out houses. Possession given immediately. For particulars inquire of  
Nov. 20, 1857.—tf.  
T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

## THE GLOBE.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF CONGRESS.

PUBLISH now my annual Prospectus of THE DAILY GLOBE, and THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX, to remind subscribers, and inform those who may desire to subscribe, that Congress will meet on the 1st of Monday next, December, when I shall recommence publishing the above named papers. They have been published so long, that most persons know their character, and therefore I deem it needless to give a minute account of the kind of matter they will contain.

The DAILY GLOBE will contain a report of the Debates in both branches of Congress taken down by reporters equal at least to any corps of shorthand writers in this or in any other country. A majority of them will, each, be able to report, verbatim, ten thousand words an hour, while the average number of words spoken by fluent speakers rarely exceeds seven thousand five hundred words an hour. When the debates of a day do not make more than forty columns, they shall appear in the Daily Globe of the next morning, which will contain, also, the news of the day, together with such editorial articles as may be suggested by pressing events.

It is also my intention, from time to time, to occasion special reports, to point out the action of the public men with whom I have been associated during the last twenty-eight years. Anecdotes of General Jackson, and leaders of the party which he conducted, or the leading men of other parties, will, I believe, be interesting when parties themselves are banished.

In becoming the reporter of the debates of Congress I deem it proper to say that those debates are never a partisan paper. This pledge will not be forfeited by introducing a contribution to history the political traits of character which shall appear in the pages of my time. Although I am, and intend to remain, a thorough Democrat, I will never outstep my principles in a regard to persons and events which go to the credit or discredit of a party. I hope to make the Globe an honest mirror, and with that view I am resolved to speak independently of all parties.

THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX will contain reports of all the debates in Congress, revised by the speakers. Messages of the President of the United States, the Annual Reports of the Heads of the Executive Departments, the Laws passed during the session, and copies of resolutions, which will be printed on a double royal sheet, in two-folio royal quarto size, each number containing sixteen pages. The whole will make, it is believed, between 2,500 and 3,000 pages, as the long sessions for many years have averaged between those numbers, and the next session will be what is termed a "long one." This is the cheapest work ever sold in any country, whether a report, or printed from manuscript copy, taking for data the average number of words of the long session as since the year



